

SAFETY DATA SHEET PRIMER PE/PP

Page: 1

Compilation date: 05/04/2012

Revision date: 04/06/2014

Revision No: 3

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: PRIMER PE/PP

Index number: -

Product code: PR/PEPP

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of substance / mixture: Solvent-based primer for treating surfaces prior to bonding with cyanoacrylate adhesives.

Applicable on difficult to bond plastics such as PE/PP but also suitable for nylon and silicone.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Technirub Vizo International BV

Morseweg 5 NL - 3899 BP Zeewolde

The Netherlands

Tel: +31 (0) 36 - 523 62 66

Email: info@technirub.nl

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency tel: +31 (0) 40 274 8888 National Poisons Information Centre

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CHIP: F: R11; Xi: R38; N: R51/53; -: R67

Classification under CLP: * STOT SE 3: H336; Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Skin Irrit. 2: H315;

STOT SE 3: H335

Most important adverse effects: Highly flammable. Irritating to skin. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Vapours may cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

Label elements under CLP:

Hazard statements: * H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.



PRIMER PE/PP

Page: 2

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signal words: * Danger

Hazard pictograms: * GHS02: Flame

GHS07: Exclamation mark GHS09: Environmental







Precautionary statements: * P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing vapours.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P403+233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Label elements under CHIP:

Hazard symbols: Highly flammable.

Irritant.

Dangerous for the environment.







Risk phrases: R11: Highly flammable.

R38: Irritating to skin.

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety phrases: S9: Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

S23: Do not breathe vapour.

S16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S33: Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

S37: Wear suitable gloves.

S61: Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions / safety data sheets.

S62: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show

this container or label.



PRIMER PE/PP

Page: 3

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards: In use, may form flammable / explosive vapour-air mixture.

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT substance.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous ingredients:

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT

EINECS	CAS	CHIP Classification	CLP Classification	Percent
265-151-9	64742-49-0	F: R11; Xi: R38; N: R51/53; Xn: R65; -: R67	Flam. Liq. 1: H224; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; STOT SE 3: H336	>80%

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin contact: Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin. Wash

immediately with plenty of soap and water. Drench the affected skin with running water

for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still on skin.

Eye contact: Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial

respiration if necessary. Consult a doctor. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If

unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. Consult a

doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin

may occur causing symptoms similar to those of inhalation. Absorption through the skin

may occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion. Prolonged or repeated $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$

contact may cause defatting of the skin, which can lead to dermatitis.

Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. Nausea and stomach

pain may occur. Inhalation of fumes from the stomach may cause symptoms similar to direct inhalation. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which can

be fatal.

Inhalation: Drowsiness or mental confusion may occur.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.



PRIMER PE/PP

Page: 4

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate / special treatment: Not applicable.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Alcohol or polymer foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical powder. Do not use water. Use

water spray to cool containers.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: Highly flammable. Forms explosive air-vapour mixture. Vapour may travel considerable

distance to source of ignition and flash back. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon

dioxide / carbon monoxide. In combustion emits toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact

with skin and eyes.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Eliminate all sources of ignition. Refer to section 8 of SDS for personal protection

details. Evacuate the area immediately. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and

prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to

prevent the escape of liquid.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Absorb into dry earth or sand. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for

disposal by an appropriate method. Do not use equipment in clean-up procedure which

may produce sparks.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections: Refer to section 8 of SDS.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

Do not handle in a confined space. Avoid the formation or spread of mists in the air. Smoking is forbidden. Earth any equipment used in handling. Use non-sparking tools.



PRIMER PE/PP

Page: 5

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from

sources of ignition. Keep away from direct sunlight. Prevent the build up of electrostatic charge in the immediate area. Ensure lighting and electrical equipment are not a source

of ignition.

Suitable packaging: Stainless steel. Glass. Aluminium containers.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): No data available.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Hazardous ingredients:

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT

Workplace exposure limits:

Respirable dust

State	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL
UK	250ppm	-	-	-

8.1. DNEL/PNEC Values

DNEL / PNEC No data available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Ensure lighting and electrical

equipment are not a source of ignition.

Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency. Gas/vapour

filter, type A: organic vapours (EN141).

Hand protection: Butyl gloves. Impermeable gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses. **Skin protection:** Protective clothing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Liquid

Colour: Colourless

Odour: Light, paraffinic

Evaporation rate: Fast

Oxidising: Non-oxidising (by EC criteria)

Solubility in water: Insoluble

Also soluble in: Petroleum ether.

Viscosity: Non-viscous



PRIMER PE/PP

Page: 6

Kinematic viscosity: 0.42

Viscosity test method: Kinematic viscosity in 10-6 m2/s at 40°C (ISO 3104/3105)

Boiling point/range°C: 94-99 Flammability limits %: lower: 1

upper: 7 Flash point°C: -5

Part.coeff. n-octanol/water: ~4.7 Autoflammability°C: 215

Vapour pressure: 5kPa @20C; 21kPa@50C Relative density: 0.71

pH: n/e

9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions. Stable at room temperature.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

Decomposition may occur on exposure to conditions or materials listed below.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Sources of ignition. Flames. Heat. Hot surfaces. Direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. In combustion

emits toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Hazardous ingredients:

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT

IHL	-	LC50	>5	mg/l
ORL	-	LD50	>2000	mg/kg
SKN	-	LD50	>2000	mg/kg



PRIMER PE/PP

Page: 7

Relevant effects for mixture:

Effect	Route	Basis
Irritation	DRM	Hazardous: calculated

Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin

may occur causing symptoms similar to those of inhalation. Absorption through the skin may occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion. Prolonged or repeated

contact may cause defatting of the skin, which can lead to dermatitis.

Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. Nausea and stomach

pain may occur. Inhalation of fumes from the stomach may cause symptoms similar to direct inhalation. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which can

be fatal.

Inhalation: Drowsiness or mental confusion may occur.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: Biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: Bioaccumulation potential.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: Floats on water. Volatile. Readily absorbed into soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: Toxic to aquatic organisms.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: Incineration on land.

Recovery operations: Use principally as a fuel or other means to generate energy.

Disposal of packaging: After draining, leave to vent in a safe place away from sources of ignition and heat.

Beware of vapours remaining in empty drums that may ignite. Dispose of in a regulated

landfill site or other method for hazardous or toxic wastes.



PRIMER PE/PP

Page: 8

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number: UN3295

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Shipping name: HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 3

14.4. Packing group

Packing group: ||

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: Yes Marine pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special precautions: No special precautions.

Tunnel code: D/E
Transport category: 2

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture

by the supplier.

Section 16: Other information

Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No

453/2010.

* indicates text in the SDS which has changed since the last revision.

Phrases used in s.2 and 3: H224: Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



PRIMER PE/PP

Page: 9

R11: Highly flammable.

R38: Irritating to skin.

 $R51/53: Toxic \ to \ aquatic \ organisms, \ may \ cause \ long-term \ adverse \ effects \ in \ the \ aquatic$

environment.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Legal disclaimer: The information contained in this safety data sheet was obtained from a variety of

sources and is believed to be accurate and current at the stated issue date. Ruplo

Lijmtechniek BV cannot accept any liability for the use of information contained in this data sheet or for the use, application or processing of the product described in this

data sheet. Users should note the possibility of hazards occurring due to improper uses

of the product.